

Installation and operating instructions for Brake DV/DH 030/035 FHM/FHA

E 09.759e





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Issue: 14.12.2017	Version: 3 Drawn: BAHS Checked: EISF			Pages: 2	Page: 2

Please read these instructions carefully before installing and operating the product. Your particular attention is drawn to the notes on safety.

These installation and operating instructions are valid on condition that the product meets the selection criteria for its proper use. Selection and design of the product is not the subject of these installation and operating instructions.

Disregarding or misinterpreting these installation and operating instructions invalidates any product liability or guarantee by RINGSPANN; the same applies if the product is taken apart or changed.

These installation and operating instructions should be kept in a safe place and should accompany the product if it is passed on to others -either on its own or as part of a machine- to make it accessible to the user.

Safety Notice

- Installation and operation of this product should only be carried out by skilled personnel.
- Repairs may only be carried out by the manufacturer or accredited RINGSPANN agents.
- If a malfunction is indicated, the product or the machine into which it is installed, should be stopped immediately and either RINGSPANN or an accredited RINGSPANN agent should be informed.
- Switch off the power supply before commencing work on electrical components.
- Rotating machine elements must be protected by the purchaser to prevent accidental contact.
- Supplies abroad are subject to the safety laws prevailing in those countries.

This is a translation of the German original version!

In case of inconsistencies between the German and English version of this installation and operating instruction, the German version shall prevail.

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1. General notes

1.1 General safety instructions

Read these installation/operating instructions carefully before putting the brake into operation. Consider these instructions as well as the drawings in the individual sections.

All work with and on the brake is to be carried out taking into account that "safety is top priority".

Switch the drive unit off before carrying out work on the brake.

Rotating parts (e.g. brake disc) must be secured by the operator against unintentional touching.

1.2 Special safety instructions



Life-threatening danger!

When assembling, operating and maintaining the brake it is to be ensured that the entire drive train is secured against being switched on unintentionally. Moving parts can cause severe injury. Rotating parts (e.g. brake disc) must be secured by the operator against unintentional touching.

Strongly pre-loaded pressure springs are installed in the thrusters of the brake. The springed thruster may only be disassembled by the factory. When loosening the screws or the circlip, the springs' pre-load is suddenly released.

2. Design and function / parts list

2.1 Function

The brake is a machine element with which accelerated masses can be safely slowed down. In combination with a brake disc, you have a complete brake for the effective safeguarding of machines and systems. Thanks to its universal design, it fulfils the following functions:

- As a holding brake, it prevents a stationary shaft from starting unintentionally.
- As a stopping brake, it brings a rotating shaft to a halt.
- As a control brake, it maintains a particular tensile force within the material.

The braking force is produced by springs, and the brake is opened by means of oil pressure.

At the standard brake FHM with manually adjustment if pad wear on the brake pad, the holding or braking torque will decrease since the pre-load of the springs in the thruster will have gone down. Brake torque readjustment is necessary in the event of pad wear.

At the standard brake FHA with automatic adjustment if pad wear on the brake pad, the automatic adjustment push the thruster shaft no adjustment is necessary to pre-load of the

springs in the thruster. The readjustment is necessary only for adjust gap both side between the brake pad and brake disc.

2.2 Identification

These operating instructions apply for:

- The execution V, parallel attachment to the machine.
- The execution H, right-angled attachment to the machine.
- For brake disc thickness W = 12.5, 25 and for special widths.
- With thruster mounted right.
- With thruster mounted left.
- With signal transmitter installation.
- With different brake pad variants (e.g. with cable for wear monitoring, higher sliding speed, double friction surface or special brake pad materials.)
- With manual spring force setting and special frame.

There is a type plate on the brake with a 16-digit article number. The exact design of the brake is defined by this article number only.

As well as these instructions, please also consider the catalogue data for the brake at www.ringspann.de and the drawings in the individual sections.

2.3 Drawing and parts list

Illustration of brake DV, for execution DH see catalogue data





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Part	Designation	Quantity
1	Thruster	1
2	Brake pad	2
3	Screw for brake pad	4
4	Swivel piece	2
5	Adjusting screw	2
6	Nut	2
7	Set screw	1
8	Nut	1
9	Manual release screw not included in the scope of supply	-
10	Sensor (kit) accessories	-
11	Tappet	1
12	Grooved nut KM 6	2

3. Intended use

The brake has been designed for use as a holding, control and stopping brake. Use for any other purpose will be deemed improper.

4. Impermissible use

It is not permissible to operate the brake with a higher pressure than prescribed in the technical catalogue data or with other media. The application of oil pressure must be carried out using a filter. Unauthorised constructional changes to the brake are also not allowed.

5. Condition as delivered

The brake is tested prior to delivery. The brake is delivered ready to install. The brake is delivered depressurised. Sensors are delivered separately.

When delivered, the brake has a clamping gap between the brake pad that is smaller than the brake disc thickness. When the brake is applied, the brake opens to the pre-set distance (brake disc thickness and an air gap on either side of 0.5mm each).

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6. Handling and storage

The technical data of the brake such as oil pressure, clamping force, oil volume, dimensions and weight are shown on the catalogue pages for the brake. The current data can also be found on the RINGSPANN website www.ringspann.com.

The brake is delivered in preserved condition and can be stored for 12 months in an enclosed and dry place. It is to be made sure that no condensation develops. Damp storage rooms are not suitable. If storing the brake for a period longer than 12 months, as well as after any transport, the brake must be activated once in order to prevent the seals from getting stuck down. Please note if you use the FHA automatic brake without brake disc do not often switch the brake otherwise the automatic will works and the brake pad wear compensation start the adjustment process.

7. Technical prerequisite for reliable operation

Fastening the brake to stable and low-vibration machine parts will ensure quiet braking without creaking.

8. Installing the RINGSPANN brake

8.1 General instructions regarding assembly and installation

Before installing the brake, the brake disc must be cleaned with alcohol (e.g. spirit (ethanol) or isopropyl alcohol) or with water-based tenside solutions (soapy water or the like).

If cleaning the brake disc with a diluent, acetone or brake cleaning agent, it must be ensured that these agents and no residues of these agents come into direct contact with the brake pad. This must be ensured for pure holding brakes in particular, since no dynamic braking takes place that would remove any diluent residues from the brake disc.



Important!

Residues from oil and anti-rust agent considerably reduce the coefficient of friction and thus also the braking and holding torque!

8.2 Assembly description

Hydraulic hoses should be used for the pressure connections.

The connection is made at one of the two pressure oil connections; the second borehole serves as a bleeder hole.

Assemble a mini measuring connection or an automatic bleeding system at the bleeder hole. The screwed sealing plug is to be removed beforehand for this purpose.

If carrying out initial assembly, exchanging the seals or performing other work on the hydraulics, the hydraulic system must be bled.

If the system is designed for hydraulic oil circulation, the hydraulic system can alternatively be bled through circulating hydraulic oil.

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Flexible hydraulic hoses should be used for the pressure line and leakage oil line connection so as to not inhibit the movements of the brake.



Important!

The brake caliper has two oil connections of size G 1/8 (Whitworth pipe thread DIN ISO 228-1). The hydraulic system must never be operated with a higher pressure than permitted. The maximum operating pressure is 120 bar.

Oil volume: As per catalogue data sheet

Alloyed mineral oil of HLP group in accordance with DIN 51525 or in accordance with API classification SC, SD, SE can be used as hydraulic fluid.



Information!

The service life of the brake system will extend depending on how high the purity of the oil is.

Before mounting onto the brake disc, the brake caliper must be released (opened). This can be done by:

• Connecting the hydraulic pressure (for the necessary pressure, please see the catalogue pages for the brake). The hydraulic hose connection must be flexible.

Or by manually releasing using a manual release screw for the following thruster:

• M10x25 for thruster 250, 270, 240 and 260

The standard brake callipers are fastened to the machine part with screws of strength class 8.8 or higher. (The screws are not included in the scope of supply. Please see the catalogue pages for quantities, sizes and lengths).



Caution - danger of injury!

If hydraulic pressure escapes during assembly, the brake can suddenly close!

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Before assembly it is to be checked that the customer connection part is even and that the axial run-out between the brake disc and the mounting surface of the brake is within a tolerance of 0.3 mm.

Examine the axial movement of the brake disc. The axial movement must not be greater than \pm 0.3 mm.

The maximum permissible lateral run-out of the brake disc is

0.1 mm. A greater lateral run-out can cause the brake unit to rattle and shake.



Fig. 8.1

The connecting plate for the brake as well as the brake disc must be checked for dimensional accuracy. For this purpose, the connection dimensions shown on the catalogue data sheet or installation drawing are to be checked.



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If the brake calliper is manually released using a manual release screw, this manual release screw (item 9) must be removed again to ensure a functional brake!

8.3 Setting/adjusting of the brake pad distance

The brake pad distance is set after the brake calliper has been assembled and after brake pad wear through adjusting/readjusting. See also Fig. 2.1.

There do exist two different versions of the brake. FHM with manual of adjustment pad wear and FHA with automatic adjustment of the pad wear. The FHA version is clearly recognizable. The set screw (item 7) has a slut, see Fig. 8.2.

The setting/adjusting process of the FHM version manually brake has to be carried out with the set screw (item 7) and the two adjusting screws (item 5), shown in Fig. 2.1.

The setting/adjusting process of the FHA version automatic brake has to be carried out only by using the two adjusting screw (item 5), shown in Fig. 2.1.





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Method setting/adjusting FHA brake with automatic wear compensation

Adjusting process after pad wear

- Apply the appropriate oil pressure to the thruster as given in the catalogue data.
- For the adjusting process loosen the nuts (item 6) and turn the adjusting screws (item 5) in the lever two full turns back.
- Measure the free gap between the brake pad and the brake disc. The free gap has to be 1mm overall or 0,5mm each side.
- If the gap is bigger than 1mm activate the brake multiple times. The automatic process start and will adjust the gap of 1mm.
- With the adjusting screws (item 5), the total clearance of 1mm on one side is evenly spread to 0.5mm on each side. Once the adjustment has been carried out, secure the position of the adjusting screws (item 5) using the nuts (item 6).

Setting process is required after replacing the brake pad. It is necessary to turn back the automatic wear compensation.

- Apply the appropriate oil pressure to the thruster as given in the catalogue data.
- For the purpose of adjusting, loosen the nut (item 6) and turn the adjusting screw (item 5) into the lever maximum turn back.
- Disassemble the brake pad and push back the lever with the slotted set screw (item 7) till the groove is out of the flats of the tappet. Save this position with a block, piece of wood for example. Turn back the tappet (item 11) till the end and turn forward approx. 1/2 turn. Take care to place the flats of the tappet in proper position of the set screw. Please note turn forward until the tappet surface and the slut of the set screw (item 7) fit together.
- Assemble the new friction pad.
- Activate the brake multiple times The automatic will work and adjust the 1mm gap between the friction pad and the brake disc. Please note if the open position is secure with the hand release screw (item 9) it has to be removed before adjusting process.
- With the adjusting screws (item 5), the total clearance of 1mm on one side is evenly spread to 0.5mm on each side. Once the adjustment has been carried out, secure the position of the adjusting screws (item 5) using the nuts (item 6).
- The adjusting/setting has to be made otherwise the pad wear can appears only at one side.



Important!

In case of pad wear the thruster starts the gap setup automatically. The even gap of 0.5 mm each side has to be adjusted manually! This setup must be done to avoid grinding only at one pad. This would cause uneven wear of the pads.

Method setting/adjusting FHM brake with manual wear compensation

Setting/adjusting process after pad wear and after replacement of the brake pad.

- Apply the appropriate oil pressure to the thruster as given in the catalogue data.
- For the purpose of adjusting, loosen the nut (item 6) and turn the adjusting screw (item 5) into the lever by approx. 2 full turn back.

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- For the purpose of adjusting after replacement, loosen the nut (item 6) and turn the adjusting screw (item 5) into the lever max turn back back.
- Loosen the nut (item 8) at the set screw (item 7)
- If replacement necessary turn back the set screw (item 7) until you can disassemble the old brake pads and assemble the new brake pads
- Adjust the set screw (item 7). Set a total clearance between the brake pad and brake discs of 0.5mm on each side or of 1mm on one side.
- Secure the position of the set screw (item 7) using the nut (item 8).
- With the adjusting screws (item 5), the total clearance of 1mm on one side is evenly spread to 0.5 mm on each side. Once the adjustment has been carried out, secure the position of the adjusting screws (item 5) using the nuts (item 6).
- If there is wear to the brake pad, a braking force setting must be done as well as an adjustment/readjustment of the brake pads in order to preserve the full braking torque.
- The spring pre-load can also be checked measuring the stroke of the tappet (item 11) by switching the brake. A stroke of 3 to 4 mm is normal. If the stroke becomes bigger adjusting/readjusting may be necessary in order to achieve the maximum braking torque again.



Before start-up, the air gap must be adjusted to 0.5 mm on either side!



Important!

In case of wear of the brake pads a setup of the pad gap must be done. Because of less spring force in the thruster the braking torque will be reduced. Each millimeter wear of the pads will cause 7 % reduction of the torque.



Important!

It must be ensured that the brake pads (item 2) do not grind on the brake disc while the brake is released!



Important!

If for maintenance the brake is released by the manual release screw (item 9), this screw must be removed before operation.

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8.4 Connecting the signal cable (optional)

Attach the signal cable (e.g. via a signal lamp) to a 24V control voltage. If the maximum friction lining abrasion limit is reached, contact with the neutral conductor will be made and the signal lamp will light up.





9. Start-up

Only full-face contact of the two brake pads (item 1) on the brake disc as well as a rapid heating of the friction pad to approx. 200°C will ensure an optimal braking effect. It is therefore necessary to brake several times and for a short duration when the brake disc is rotating.



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10. Disassembling the brake



Life-threatening danger!

When disassembling the brake it is to be ensured that the entire drive train is secured against being switched on unintentionally. Rotating parts can cause severe injury. Rotating parts (e.g. brake disc) must be secured by the operator against unintentional touching.

Apply the appropriate oil pressure to the thruster as given in the catalogue data. Where possible, secure this state using the manual release screw. Remove the screws that serve for fastening the brake to the machine frame. The brake calliper can now be removed from the mounting surface.

11. Maintenance

11.1 General maintenance

Depending on how much the brake is used in operation, maintenance is to be carried out on it at intervals of 4 to 12 weeks.

The following is to be carried out when performing maintenance:

- Check the brake pad for wear.
- Check that, when the brake calliper is released, the brake pad do not grind on the brake disc and that there is an even air gap on both sides.
- Check the screw connection of the brake calliper and the screw connection of the brake pad for tighten.
- Check both brake calliper levers for ease of movement.
- Clean the bearing and sliding points.
- Oil or grease the bearing and sliding points.
- Check the thruster and hydraulic hose connection for tightness.



Important!

The brake pad must not come into contact with the lubricant!

11.2 Permissible pad wear and exchanging of the brake pad



Life-threatening danger!

Brake pad may only be changed when the system or the work machine is stationary!

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At a residual lining thickness of 5 mm, the brake pad always have to be be exchanged in pairs.

Only original RINGSPANN brake pads may be used

Before exchanging the brake pads, ensure that the mass held by the brake is secured against moving, since parts of the brake need to be loosened for this purpose.

Open the brake with the prescribed oil pressure.

Perform brake pads exchange and adjust braking torque and clearance as described in section 8.3 please note the next 3 paragraphs.

After replacing the brake pads, tighten the screws (item 3) at the friction pads (item 2) slightly at first.

Apply the brake. The clamping force of the brake will cause the brake pads (item 2) to be pushed flat onto the swivel pieces (item 4), eliminating any air gap.

Now tighten the screws (item 3) with allowed tightening torque of the screws.



Important!

If for maintenance the brake is released by the manual release screw (item 9), this screw must be removed before operation.



Important!

After exchanging brake pads, a running-in process should be performed in order to reach the maximum brake torque.

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12. Accessories: Sensor for operating state monitoring

12.1 Mounting and connection of inductive transmitter for position monitoring



Life-threatening danger!

The inductive transmitter may only be assembled and changed when the system or the work machine is stationary!

The inductive proximity switches are enclosed loose with the delivery.

Inductive proximity switch of thrusters 240, 250, 260 and 270:

Switching function : PNF	Optimize (normally open contained)	act) Switching distance : 1.5 n	nm, flush-mountable
Operating voltage	: 1030 V DC	Max. switching current	: 200 mA
Voltage drop	: < 2.5 V	Inverse-polarity protection	: Yes
Temp. range	: -25 to +70°C	Protection class	: IP 68
Connection type	: 3m PVC cable	Housing : M8x ²	1 steel, non-rusting

Connection diagram of the inductive transmitter:



Fig. 12.1

Attachment of inductive proximity switch to the thruster

There is an M8x1 thread at the thruster for the connection of an inductive proximity switch.

Open the brake with the prescribed oil pressure. Remove the plug M8x1 and turn the inductive proximity switch (item 10) into the springed thruster by hand until it abuts at the piston. Now turn the inductive proximity switch back approx. $\frac{1}{2}$ a revolution and secure the position using a nut (item 10) enclosed with the inductive proximity switch.

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Test for proper functioning by repeatedly activating the brake. If the brake is open, the LED of the inductive proximity switch must shine.